

Problem 1. Evaluate the following derivatives.

- Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + 3x^2 + e^{4x}$. What is $f'(x)$?
- Let $g(y) = 3y - 4 + e^{-3y^2}$. What is $g'(y)$?
- Let $h(t) = \sqrt{3t} + \frac{8}{5t^2}$. What is $\frac{d}{dt}h(t)$?

Problem 2. Determine the antiderivative of each of the following functions.

(Assume $x > 0$ in all cases.)

- $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4\sqrt{x}$.
- $g(x) = 3e^{-5x}$.
- $h(x) = x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{4}{x}$.

Problem 3. Compute each of the following definite integrals.

- $\int_0^4 x - 3x^2 \, dx$.
- $\int_1^4 \sqrt{x} \, dx$.
- $\int_2^5 e^{-2x} \, dx$.

Problem 4. Find the value of C so that

$$\int_0^2 Cx^2 \, dx = 1.$$

Problem 5. Consider the following piecewise-defined function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & x \in [0, 1] \\ 4 - 2x, & x \in (1, 2] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Sketch a graph of this function.
- Is this a continuous function?
- For what values of x is this function differentiable?
- Write $f'(x)$ as a piecewise-defined function.
- For all $x > 0$, determine $F(x) = \int_0^x f(y) \, dy$.
- Sketch $F(x)$.